I. Collect Data: Total hours of daylight around the world

A. The Northern Hemisphere is tilted _______ toward _______ the Sun.
   < toward / away from >

B. A place that spends this entire day in darkness (never sees the Sun) is _______ McMurdo Station _______.
   This place is in the _______ Southern _______ Hemisphere, close to the _______ South Pole _______.
   < Northern / Southern >  < North Pole / South Pole / Equator >

C. A place that spends less time in daylight than darkness is _______ Puerto Montt _______.
   This place is in the _______ Southern _______ Hemisphere, which is tilted _______ away from _______ the Sun.
   < Northern / Southern >  < toward / away from >

D. The Northern Hemisphere is tilted _______ away from _______ the Sun.
   < toward / away from >

E. A place that spends more time in daylight than darkness is _______ Puerto Montt _______.
   This place is in the _______ Southern _______ Hemisphere, which is tilted _______ toward _______ the Sun.
   < Northern / Southern >  < toward / away from >

F. A place that spends the same amount of time in daylight as darkness is _______ Quito _______.
   This place is located near the _______ Equator _______.
   < North Pole / South Pole / Equator >

G. A place that spends the entire day in daylight (never sees the Sun set) is _______ McMurdo Station _______.

H. Barrow, Alaska spends _______ the same amount _______ time in daylight than darkness.
   < more / the same amount of / less >

I. Puerto Montt, Chile spends _______ the same amount _______ time in daylight than darkness.
   < more / the same amount of / less >
2. Compare

A. When the Northern Hemisphere is tilted toward the Sun, the Southern Hemisphere is tilted ____ away from ____ the Sun.  
   < toward / away from >

B. Cities in the hemisphere tilted toward the Sun have ____ more ____ hours of daylight than darkness.  
   < more / the same amount of / fewer >

C. Cities in the hemisphere tilted away from the Sun have ____ fewer ____ hours of daylight than darkness.  
   < more / the same amount of / fewer >

D. Some places on Earth have roughly equal amounts of daylight and darkness every day of the year. These places are close to the ____ Equator _____.  
   < Equator / Poles >

E. There are places on Earth where on certain days of the year, the Sun never rises or never sets for an entire day. These places are close to the ____ Poles _____.  
   < Equator / Poles >

F. On September 21 and March 21, the total hours of daylight are ____ the same as ____ the total hours of darkness everywhere on Earth.  
   < more than / the same as / fewer than >

These dates are known as the ____ Equinoxes _____.
